

Directly Operated Pressure Reducing Valves



Size 04 (D 02) • ... 320 bar (4600 PSI) •... 20 L/min (5.3 US GPM)

5/2005

HA 5142

Replaces HA 5142 6/2003



Functional Description

The pressure valves VRP2 are directly operated reducing valves for vertical stacking assemblies designed as 3-way valves, i.e. with pressure protection of the secondary circuit.

The valve consists of the valve body (1), control spool (2), spring (3), adjustment element (4) and the plug G 1/4 (5) for pressure measuring and, if necessary, of a check valve.

Model "A"

With this model, the fluid enters into the valve body from the primary circuit through port A1 and passes through the metering edge, where its pressure is reduced. The reduced pressure corresponds with the setting of the control spring. At the same time, this pressure affects also the surface area of the control spool opposed to the spring (the pressure can be measured at the port G 1/4 which is normally closed by plug 5). Thus the static balance of the spool is ensured. If the reduced pressure changes, a respective control action takes place and the reduced pressure returns to its preset value. The flow from the output port A2 passes then to the user. If pressure behind the valve increases due to the effect of the load acting on the user, the spool shifts further against the spring until the second metering edge opens and the excessive flow drains through port T. The leakage from the spring room is also routed to port T. The reverse free-flow from port A2 to port A1 passes through a check valve which is connected parallel to the metering edge.

Model "B"

With model "B", the pressure reduction follows from port P2 to port P1, but it takes place only when the flow in port B passes in the direction to the user (not opposite). The protection of the secondary circuit is also ensured for one flow direction only.

Model "P"

With model "P", the pressure reduction follows from port P2 to port P1, but is effective in both flow directions through the directional valve (as well as the protection of the secondary circuit).

The valves are delivered with basic surface treatment. The valve body is phosphate coated, whereas the surfaces of the other parts are zinc coated.







